



TINKER & RASOR



CORROSION MITIGATION INSTRUMENTATION
2828 FM 758, NEW BRAUNFELS, TX 78130 TEL: (830) 253-5621

PRODUCT INSTRUCTIONS

MODEL M/1 WET SPONGE HOLIDAY DETECTOR

Unpacking Checklist

The Model M/1 Holiday Detector Kit includes the following:

- | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| (1) Model M/1 Unit (085-155) | (1) Sponge (055-882) |
| (1) Battery, 9v (010-007) | (1) Holder, Yellow (076-050) |
| (1) Cable, Ground (026-101) | (1) Knob, sponge holder (094-030) |
| (1) WaterWetter Solution, 4oz (049-013) | (1) Sponge bracket (014-195) |
| (1) Wand, 16" (177-070) | (1) Canvas tote bag |
| (1) Wand, 16" w Cable Adapter (177-075) | (1) Screwdriver |
| (1) Sponge Assembly (ships assembled) | (1) Instructions |
| | (1) Warranty/Calibration Document |

The information contained in this document is subject to change without notice and does not represent a commitment on the part of Tinker & Rasor.

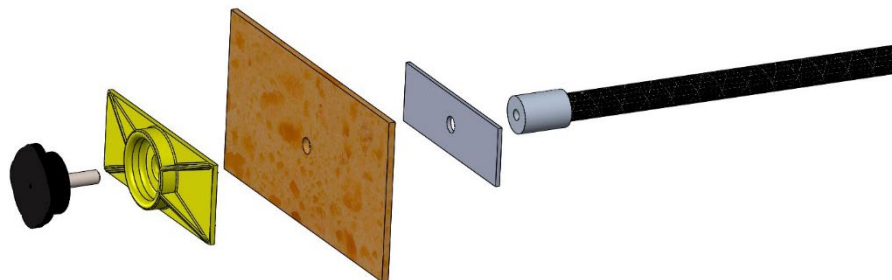
Any and all reproduction or transmission of any part of this manual, in any form or by any means and for any purpose other than the personal use by the purchaser is strictly forbidden without the express written authorization of Tinker & Rasor.

For updates, please visit our website:

<http://tinker-rasor.com>

© 2019 Tinker and Rasor, Inc.

All rights reserved.



Web: www.tinker-rasor.com

E-mail: Info@tinker-rasor.com



TINKER & RASOR



CORROSION MITIGATION INSTRUMENTATION
2828 FM 758, NEW BRAUNFELS, TX 78130 TEL: (830) 253-5621

PRODUCT INSTRUCTIONS

The Model M/1 Holiday Detector is a highly sensitive device designed to locate holidays (pin holes, voids, etc.) in thin film protective coatings of relatively high electrical resistance when such films are applied to the surface of material of low electrical resistance. In these applications, such as painted metal surfaces, the Model M/1 Holiday Detector will locate these points very accurately with an audible and visual signal. This method of inspection of thin film is a non-destructive test and will not injure the protective coating.

EQUIPMENT

The Model M/1 Holiday Detector consists of a portable battery powered electronic instrument, a wand handle, and sponge assembly (open cell sponge ships compressed, will expand with water), and ground wire. The instrument is housed in a sturdy plastic case with provision for attachment of optional (not included) headphones.

The detector is a “non-destructive wet sponge” type holiday detector. The basic electronic design of the Model M/1 Holiday Detector is that of a very sensitive circuit which is energized by one 9v battery. When current of 500 or 700 (+/- 10%) micro-amperes flows in the circuit, an audible and visual signal is actuated.

The test lead wire used in the ground wire can handle a minimum of 100 milliamps at 100 volts. If replacement or additional wire is needed, make sure it meets these requirements. Up to 100' length of ground wire does not adversely affect the detectors operation, in most cases. If adding additional ground wire, 14 AWG stranded or equivalent is recommended.

The exploring electrode is open-cell sponge material and is conductive when saturated with a wetting solution. The sponge electrode is attached to the non-conductive wand handle by means of the bolt with knob, plastic sponge holder and backing plate.

The wetting solution should consist of potable tap water and a wetting agent. The ratio of one (1) ounce agent to one (1) gallon tap water is recommended. Tinker & Rasor *WATER-WETTER*® is a non-sudsing wetting agent, available in 8 oz. bottles, factory direct or through stocking distributors.

PRE-ELECTRICAL TEST PROCEDURES

The protective coatings should be dry and free of all contamination prior to electrical holiday testing. Proper curing and drying time of the protective coating must be established prior to conducting electrical holiday testing.

Note: Solvents retained in the protective coating film can cause erroneous indications (false holidays) during electrical testing.

The dry film thickness should not exceed 20 mils when electrical holiday testing is done with the low voltage Model M/1 Holiday Detector. Film thickness should be determined with a non-destructive dry film thickness gauge to make sure limits are not exceeded.

Web: www.tinker-rasor.com

E-mail: Info@tinker-rasor.com



TINKER & RASOR



2552621017171167580(177211
11(581)7677711

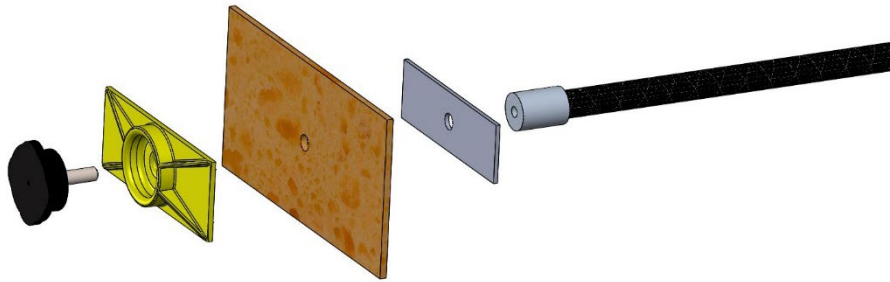
PRODUCT INSTRUCTIONS

Special Note: Ordinary tap water will generally suffice to dampen the sponge electrode, provided the protective coating thickness does not exceed 10 mils. The factory recommended practice is to use a wetting agent at all times, regardless of coating thickness up to 20 mils. The low voltage holiday detector is not recommended for coatings greater than 20 mils of thickness.

Check battery voltage. This can be done by shorting the wet sponge with the bare end of the ground cable of the holiday detector. If a steady, level audible signal is heard, the battery voltage is OK. If the audible signal starts to attenuate while testing, REPLACE battery. Note: A battery output voltage drop of over 10% also indicates weak battery.

HOLIDAY DETECTOR ASSEMBLY

Assemble the Holiday Detector by first connecting the ground cable to the handle. Insert the ground cable connector into the handle, and then rotate one quarter turn counter clockwise to lock. Connect the wand handle to the front (nose) of the instrument and screw down until firmly seated. Attach the sponge bracket (aluminum piece), sponge, sponge holder (plastic piece) and the knob with threaded bolt through all and screw down on the wand end. Saturate the sponge in a wetting solution.



CHANGING THE BATTERY

The M/1 is powered by a replaceable 9v battery. To access the battery, locate the BATTERY ACCESS label on the main top panel of the instrument. There are two (2) screws near the handle that need to be removed. Once removed, lift and rotate the BATTERY ACCESS door toward the front of the instrument and remove. Replace the BATTERY ACCESS door by hooking the latch under the mail panel and rotating back into place. The latch will snap in and the BATTERY ACCESS door will sit flush when properly aligned.



The 9v battery is located inside the battery access area and is attached to a battery terminal connector. The battery connector can be removed by firmly grasping the battery with one hand and

The 9v battery is located inside the battery access area and is attached to a battery terminal connector. The battery connector can be removed by firmly grasping the battery with one hand and

Web: www.tinker-rasor.com

E-mail: Info@tinker-rasor.com



TINKER & RASOR



CORROSION MITIGATION INSTRUMENTATION
2828 FM 758, NEW BRAUNFELS, TX 78130 TEL: (909) 890-0700

PRODUCT INSTRUCTIONS

the connector with the other and pulling apart. Do not use a screwdriver or any prybar made of a conductive material to separate the battery from the connector.

When replacing the battery, observe polarity. The 9v battery has two terminals side by side. The smaller terminal is the Positive (+) connection, as indicated on the battery (most batteries). The larger terminal on the battery is Negative (-). When connecting the 9v battery to the battery connector, ensure that the terminals are mating with the corresponding connector. If the battery terminals do not snap into the battery connector terminals, the battery may be backwards.

ELECTRICAL TESTING PROCEDURES

The sponge electrode should contain sufficient amount of wetting solution to assure moisture penetration from the sponge electrode into any defect that may be present in the protective coating. Excess wetting solution should be squeezed out of the sponge electrode.

Attach ground wire directly to the bare structure (substrate) under test. On coated steel structures the ground wire must be directly connected to the bare metal.

On coated concrete structures the ground wire should be connected directly to the reinforcing steel embedded in the concrete. If rebar is not present, a ground connection to the concrete can be made by placing the bare end of the ground wire against the bare concrete surface and anchor it down with a burlap bag filled with damp sand.

The ground wire can be checked quickly for proper connection by contacting the wetted sponge electrode to the bare structure and observing an audible signal, indicating correct electrical continuity of the holiday detector circuit.

The rate of inspection speed of the sponge electrode over the protective coated surface should not exceed sixty (60) linear feet per minute. Using a double stroke of the sponge electrode over each area assures better inspection coverage with less likelihood of any missed areas.

CALIBRATION

Factory calibration on Model M/1 Holiday Detectors is set at 700 micro-amperes (+/- 10%) of current flow to complete the circuit for the audible signal to indicate a coating holiday on metal substrates. For coatings on concrete substrates, the Model M/1 must be adjusted for current flow of 500 micro-amperes (+/- 10%).

ADJUSTMENT OF SIGNAL SYSTEM

Model M/1 Holiday Detector sensitivity may be verified by simply depressing push buttons on the front of the instrument. The instrument is Factory set for use on steel structures.

For use on steel structures, depress **BLACK** button (80K); Detector should signal and **LED** will light if detector is in calibration.

Web: www.tinker-rasor.com

E-mail: Info@tinker-rasor.com



TINKER & RASOR



CORROSION MITIGATION INSTRUMENTATION
2828 FM 758, NEW BRAUNFELS, TX 78130 TEL: (909) 890-0700

PRODUCT INSTRUCTIONS

Depress **RED** button (90K): Detector should **NOT** signal and **LED** will **NOT** light if detector is in calibration.

If the detector signals when either the **BLACK** button (80K) or the **RED** button (90K) is depressed, the unit is set for concrete structures. The adjustment is a small jumper setting on the main circuit board.

If the **BLACK** button (80K) fails to signal, the instrument is not in calibration and should be sent for Factory calibration.

ACCESSORIES

All accessories included with the instrument (page 1 list) are available for purchase, including additional sponges. Sponge electrodes are available in standard size, as included with new instruments, or as custom size widths, or as disks for internal pipeline coatings. Contact T&R for details.

The Wand with Cable Adapter has been added to the new style M/1 to allow customers to continue to use the M/1 as it was in its previous form. The unit can be secured using the belt loop on the side of the case when using the Wand with Cable Adapter.

The M/1 can use optional headphones for loud/noisy environments. Headphones are available for purchase from Tinker & Rasor or many standard headphones with 3.5mm jack will work with the M/1.

FACTORY REPAIRS

Holiday Detectors returned to the factory for repairs should be sent **TRANSPORTATION PREPAID**. In most cases the detector can be repaired and returned the same day it is received at the factory.

WHEN ORDERING PARTS FOR YOUR DETECTOR OR REQUESTING FURTHER INFORMATION ALWAYS GIVE THE DETECTOR'S SERIAL NUMBER.

Visit www.tinker-rasor.com/repair for shipping information and the Repair Form

105-179

Web: www.tinker-rasor.com

E-mail: Info@tinker-rasor.com



TINKER & RASOR



CORROSION MITIGATION INSTRUMENTATION
2828 FM 758, NEW BRAUNFELS, TX 78130 TEL: (909) 890-0700

PRODUCT INSTRUCTIONS

MODEL M/1 INFORMATION BULLETIN

The electrical holiday detector commonly used for inspection for brushed, sprayed or dip-applied protective coatings is considered a non-destructive device with a source of less than 75 volts applied to the coatings using an electrode consisting of a cellulose sponge dampened with an electrically conductive liquid such as tap water. The electrode pushes a film of liquid over the surface and when a holiday is encountered, current will flow through the liquid to the metal. An audible indicator is used to signal coating defects.

Recommended points to be included in a specification for the electrical inspection of thin film coating with the so-called "non-destructive" type holiday detector, Tinker & Rasor Model M/1 are:

1. The voltage between the electrode (sponge) and the metal surface upon which the coatings lies should not exceed 75 volts measured between the electrode sponge and the coated metal when the detector is in its normal operating position.
2. An electrical connection must be made from the detector to some bare spot on the metal structure to be coated.
3. The holiday detector should be equipped with an audible signal which is responsive to high current flows between electrode and the metal surface.
4. The coated surface should be dry prior to making the inspection and if the surface is in an environment where electrolytes might form on the surface such as salt spray, the coated surface should be washed with fresh water and allowed to dry.

The consensus of the industry is that ordinary tap water will suffice to wet the sponge electrode when this type of electrical holiday inspection is conducted on protective coatings up to 10 mils in thickness. On film thickness between 10 and 20 mils a non-sudsing type wetting agent added to the water is recommended. This allows for faster penetration of the liquid into pinhole defects. A wetting agent such as **TINKER & RASOR'S "WATER-WETTER"** is an excellent product for this purpose. Available in 8 ounce size bottle.

It is further agreed that this type holiday detector is not satisfactory for inspection of protective coatings over 20 mils in thickness and completely ineffective on prefabricated coatings such as PVC, etc.

An electrical holiday detector should be used at the time the coating is applied. The holiday detector should never be used to evaluate the quality or usefulness of a coating and should be used only as an aid in the application of the coating. When the detector is used at the time of application, holidays can be readily located and repaired. The detector not only locates holidays, but it enables the applicator to develop techniques of better application.

Web: www.tinker-rasor.com

E-mail: Info@tinker-rasor.com